

$$\log(x) = \log_{10}(x)$$

Write each logarithmic equation in exponential form.

1. $\log_7 49 = 2$

$$7^2 = 49$$

2. $\log_8 0.125 = -1$

$$8^{-1} = .125$$

3. $3 = \log_5 125$

$$5^3 = 125$$

4. $x = \log_6 \frac{1}{216}$

$$6^x = \frac{1}{216}$$

5. $\log_8 64 = x$

$$8^x = 64$$

6. $\log_7 x = 2$

$$7^2 = x$$

7. $\log_x 9 = 2$

$$x^2 = 9$$

8. $\log_7 4 = x$

$$7^x = 4$$

$$x = .172 \dots$$

9. $\log_{\frac{1}{2}} 256 = x$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x = 256$$

$$x = -8$$

10. $\log_{10} x = 3$

$$10^3 = x$$

11. $\log_p m = z$

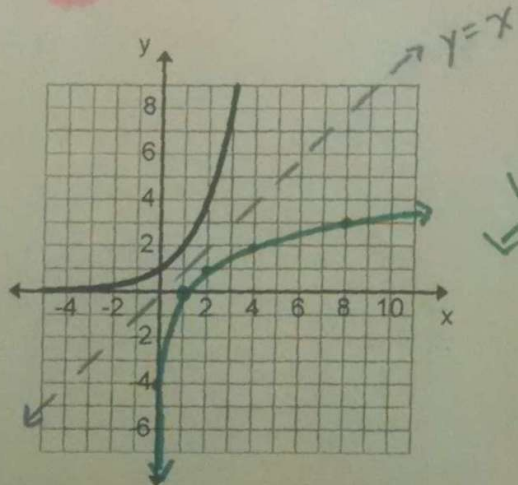
$$p^z = m$$

12. $\log_e l = v$

$$e^v = l$$

Exponential Functions

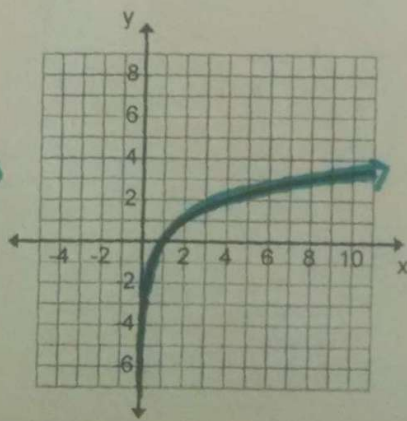
$$b^x = a$$



Logarithmic Functions

log base "b" of "a" equals "x"

$$\log_b a = x$$



Inverse Functions

Solve each exponential equation.

1. $2^{3x} = 4$

$x = \frac{2}{3}$

2. $3 = 9^{2x}$

$x = \frac{1}{4}$

3. $25 = 125^x$

$x = \frac{2}{3}$

4. $36^2 = 6^x$

$x = 4$

5. $2^{-x} = 8$

$x = -3$

6. $81^{3-2x} = 27$

$x = \frac{9}{8}$

7. $9^{2n-2} = 27^n$

$n = 4$

8. $216^x = 36^{-3x-1}$

$x = -\frac{2}{9}$

9. $64^{2x-5} = 32$

$x = \frac{35}{12}$

10. $27^{3x} = 9^{x-1}$

$x = -\frac{2}{7}$

11. $4^x = 16^3$

$x = 6$

$b^x = a$

Write each exponential equation in logarithmic form.

$\log_b(a) = x$

1. $2^6 = 64$

$\log_2(64) = 6$

2. $1 = 5^0$

$\log_5(1) = 0$

3. $5^{-2} = 0.04$

$\log_5(0.04) = -2$

4. $3^x = 81$

$\log_3(81) = x$

5. $x^6 = 5$

$\log_x(5) = 6$

6. $3^3 = 81$

$\log_3(81) = 3$

7. $10^2 = x$

$\log_{10}(x) = 2$

8. $2^x = 64$

$\log_2(64) = x$

9. $e^5 = x$

$\log_e(x) = 5$

10. $p = h^6$

$\log_h(p) = 6$

11. $1^6 = x$

$\log_1(x) = 6$

12. $5 = a^6$

$\log_a(5) = 6$

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Logarithms would be easier if I knew...

$$4 = 2^2$$

$$8 = 2^3$$

$$16 = 2^4$$

$$32 = 2^5$$

$$64 = 2^6$$

$$36 = 6^2$$

$$216 = 6^3$$

$$9 = 3^2$$

$$27 = 3^3$$

$$81 = 3^4$$

$$243 = 3^5$$

$$25 = 5^2$$

$$125 = 5^3$$

$$625 = 5^4$$

Bases must be the Same!

Solve for x:

$$\begin{aligned} 1) \quad 5^{x-1} &= 25^2 \\ 5^{x-1} &= (5^2)^2 \\ x-1 &= 2 \cdot 2 \\ x-1 &= 4 \\ \boxed{x} &= \boxed{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2) \quad 27 &= 3^{2x+1} \\ 3^3 &= 3^{2x+1} \\ 3 &= 2x+1 \\ 2 &= 2x \\ \boxed{x} &= \boxed{1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3) \quad 16^x &= 32 \\ (2^4)^x &= 2^5 \\ 4 \cdot x &= 5 \\ \boxed{x} &= \boxed{\frac{5}{4}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4) \quad 8^{x+1} &= 4 \\ (2^3)^{x+1} &= 2^2 \\ 3(x+1) &= 2 \\ 3x+3 &= 2 \\ 3x &= -1 \\ \boxed{x} &= \boxed{-\frac{1}{3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5) \quad 216 &= 6^{3x-1} \\ 6^3 &= 6^{3x-1} \\ 3 &= 3x-1 \\ 4 &= 3x \\ \boxed{x} &= \boxed{\frac{4}{3}} \end{aligned}$$

GLUE