

Six Weeks Test Review

$$\textcircled{1} 6^{x+1} = 36^{5x/2}$$

$$6^{x+1} = (6^2)^{5x/2}$$

$$x+1 = 2\left(\frac{5x}{2}\right)$$

$$x+1 = 5x$$

$$\boxed{x = 1/4}$$

$$\textcircled{2} 81^{x+5} = 3^{2x/3}$$

$$3^{4(x+5)} = 3^{2x/3}$$

$$3 \cdot 4(x+5) = 2x/3$$

$$12(x+5) = 2x$$

$$12x + 60 = 2x$$

$$\boxed{x = -6}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \log_3(x+1) = 2$$

$$3^2 = x+1$$

$$9 = x+1$$

$$\boxed{x = 8}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \log(2x) = 2 - \log(5)$$

$$\log(2x) + \log(5) = 2$$

$$\log(2x \cdot 5) = 2$$

$$10^2 = 10x$$

$$\boxed{x = 10}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \ln(x+4) = 3$$

$$e^3 = x+4$$

$$e^3 - 4 = 0$$

$$\boxed{x \approx 16.086}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \ln(x) - \ln(3) = 5$$

$$\ln(x/3) = 5$$

$$e^5 = x/3$$

$$3e^5 = x$$

$$\boxed{x \approx 445.239}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \log\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \log(2) = 4$$

$$\log\left(\frac{x}{2} \cdot 2\right) = 4$$

$$\log(x) = 4$$

$$10^4 = x$$

$$\boxed{x = 10,000}$$

$$\textcircled{8} A = Pe^{rt}$$

$$= 2300e^{(0.08)(4)}$$

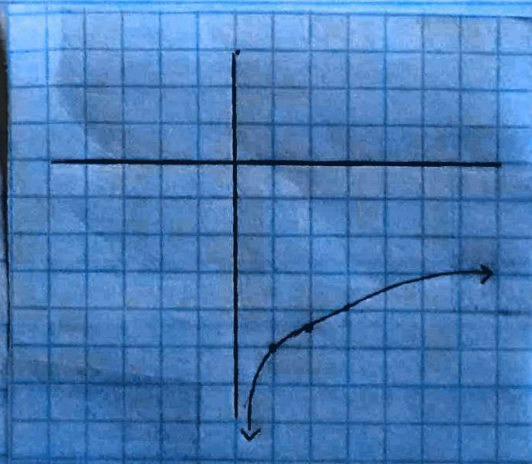
$$\boxed{A = \$2923.87}$$

$$\textcircled{9} y = a(1.5)^x$$

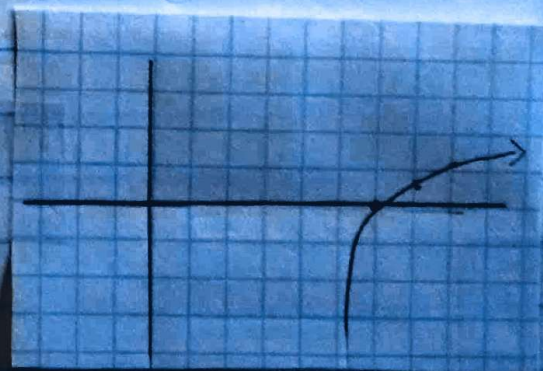
$$= 30(1.5)^{45/30}$$

$$\boxed{y = 10.6102}$$

10



11



12) $y = kx$
 $12 = k(3)$
 $k = 4$

$y = 4x$

13) $y = \frac{k}{x}$
 $7 = \frac{k}{2}$
 $k = 14$

$y = \frac{14}{x}$

$k = \frac{y}{x}$

x	y	$k = y \cdot x$
8	2	$8 \cdot 2 = 16$
1	16	$1 \cdot 16 = 16$
4	4	$4 \cdot 4 = 16$

X

Inverse

15)

x	y	
1	8	$8 \cdot 1 = 8$
2	4	$2 \cdot 4 = 8$
3	2	$2 \cdot 3 = 6$

X neither X

16)

x	x
18	9
6	3
10	5

direct

17) $y = kx$
 $C = kT$
 $5 = k(60)$
 $k = \frac{1}{12}$

$C = \frac{1}{12} \cdot T$
 $C = \frac{1}{12}(30)$
 $C = 2.5$

18) $y = \frac{k}{x}$
 $W = \frac{k}{F}$
 $4 = \frac{k}{10}$
 $k = 40$

$W = \frac{40}{F}$
 $2 = \frac{40}{F}$
 $2F = 40$
 $F = 20$

19) $\frac{2x^5 - 18x^3}{x^3 + 7x^2 + 12}$
 $x(x+4)(x+3)$
 $X = 0, -4, -3$

20) $\frac{2x^3(x^2-9)}{2x^3(x-3)(x+3)}$
 $\frac{x(x+4)(x+3)}{x(x+4)(x+3)}$
 $\frac{2x^2(x-3)}{x+4}$

21) $\frac{4x^2y}{3x^5y^2} \cdot \frac{9x^7y^4}{2xy^6}$
 $\frac{6x^3}{y^3}$

22) $\frac{x^2-81}{x^2+5x+4} \div \frac{x^2-10x+9}{x^3-x}$
 $\frac{(x-9)(x+9)}{(x+1)(x+4)} \cdot \frac{x(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-9)(x-1)}$
 $\frac{x(x+9)}{x+4}$

23) $\frac{x+1}{x-4}$

$$\text{LCD: } (x-2)(x+2)$$

$$\text{LCD: } (x-7)(x+1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{23} \quad & \frac{x+1}{x^2-4} - \frac{3}{x+2} \\ & \frac{x+1}{(x-2)(x+2)} - \frac{3(x-2)}{(x+2)(x-2)} \\ & \frac{x+1-3(x-2)}{(x-2)(x+2)} \\ & \frac{x+1-3x+6}{(x-2)(x+2)} \\ & \frac{-2x+7}{(x-2)(x+2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{24} \quad & \frac{x-2}{x^2-6x-7} + \frac{2x+1}{x+1} \\ & \frac{x-2}{(x-7)(x+1)} + \frac{2x+1}{x+1} \cdot \frac{(x-7)}{(x-7)} \\ & \frac{x-2 + (2x+1)(x-7)}{(x-7)(x+1)} \\ & \frac{x-2 + 2x^2 - 13x - 7}{(x-7)(x+1)} \\ & \frac{2x^2 - 12x - 9}{(x-7)(x+1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{25} \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 5x + 4}{2x^2 - 8x}$$

$$\textcircled{25} \quad \frac{(x-1)(x-4)}{2x(x-4)}$$

hole @ $x=4$

$$\frac{4-1}{2(4)} = \frac{3}{8}$$

hole @ $(4, \frac{3}{8})$

$$\text{LCD: } 8(n-6)$$

$$\textcircled{29} \quad \frac{n-1}{8} = \frac{n-1}{n-6} \cdot \frac{8(n-6)}{8(n-6)}$$

$$3(n-6) = 8(n-1)$$

$$3n - 18 = 8n - 8$$

$$-10 = 5n$$

$$\boxed{n = -2}$$

$$\textcircled{26} \quad \text{Deg N} = \text{Deg D}$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\textcircled{27} \quad \boxed{x = 0}$$

$$\textcircled{28} \quad x-1=0 \implies x=1$$

$$\boxed{(1, 0)}$$

$$\text{LCD: } x-1$$

$$\textcircled{30} \quad \frac{x-1}{1} + \frac{-8(x-1)}{x-1} = 3(x-1)$$

$$x(x-1) - 8 = 3(x-1)$$

$$x^2 - x - 8 = 3x - 3$$

$$x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$$

$$(x-5)(x+1) = 0$$

$$\boxed{x = 5, -1}$$

$$\textcircled{31} \quad \sqrt[3]{\frac{27x^9y^4}{64}}$$

$$\frac{27^{1/3} x^{9/3} y^{4/3}}{64^{1/3}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{3x^3 y \sqrt[3]{y}}{8}}$$

$$\textcircled{32} \quad \sqrt{\frac{16x^7y^2}{64z^4}}$$

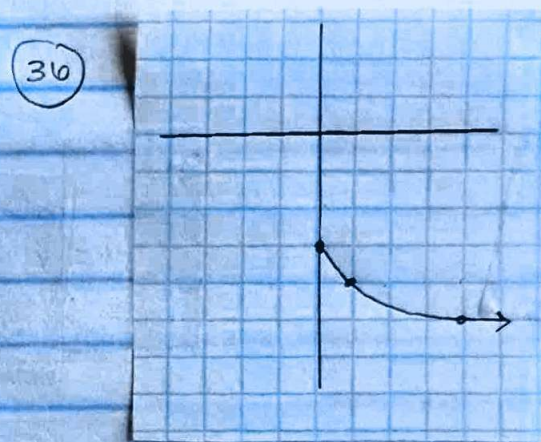
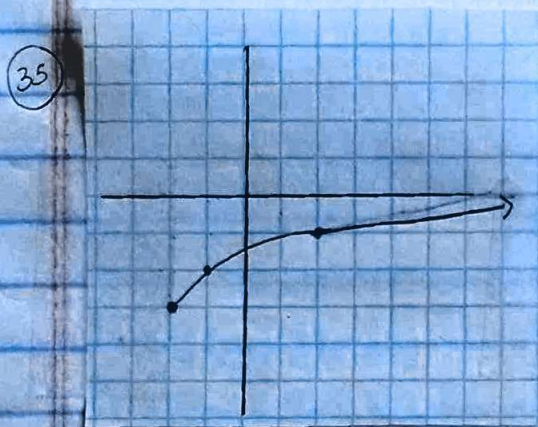
$$\frac{16^{1/2} x^{7/2} y^{2/2}}{64^{1/2} z^{4/2}}$$

$$\frac{4x^3 y \sqrt{x}}{8z^2}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{x^3 y \sqrt{x}}{2z^2}}$$

$$\textcircled{33} \quad 256^{1/4} = \boxed{4}$$

$$\textcircled{34} \quad 27^{2/3} = \boxed{9}$$



$$\textcircled{37} \quad (\sqrt[3]{2x-1})^3 = (-3)^3$$

$$2x-1 = -27$$

$$2x = -26$$

$$\boxed{x = -13}$$

$$\textcircled{38} \quad (\sqrt{x+30})^2 = x^2$$

$$x+30 = x^2$$

$$0 = x^2 - x - 30$$

$$(x-6)(x+5)$$

$$\boxed{x = 6, -5}$$